

All Clean

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: All Clean

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White
Physical State:	Granules-Crystal
Odor:	No Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Eye, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Corrosive may cause blurred vision, redness, pain, severe tissue burns and eye damage. **Skin Contact**: Corrosive will cause irritation. May cause redness, pain, severe burns can occur. **Inhalation:** Extremely destructive to tissue of mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Symptom may include burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting. May cause pulmonary edema, a medical emergency. Pulmonary edema may be delayed up to 48 hours.

Ingestion: Corrosive, swallowing can cause burns of mouth, throat and stomach. May lead to death. Can cause sore throat, vomiting, diarrhea.

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: None Known

3. Composition Information					
Component	<u>CAS No.</u>	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Sulfamic Acid	5329-14-6	100%	10 ppm -TWA	NA	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get medical physician, preferably an ophthalmologist. **Skin Contact**: Remove excess from skin by water flushing for at least 15 minutes. Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Thoroughly clean before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develop and persist. **Inhalation**: remove person to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, get medical help- physician immediately.

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, do not induce vomiting. If victim is fully conscious, give large amounts of water to dilute the effects – consult physician.

5. Fire Fighting Measures			
Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire exting	guishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher.		
Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: water	solution is acidic		
Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing app	paratus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire		
fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If	protective equipment is not available or not used, fight		
fire from a protected location or safe distance.			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	NA		
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: material is not a fire or explosive hazard but during fire it may			
release SO ₂ /SO ₃			
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA		

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Clean up spills immediately. Sweep, cover with absorbent to contain. Use appropriate containers to avoid environmental contamination. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area away from sunlight, heat and heat sources. Protect from freezing Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with side shields or wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Clothing should prevent skin contact.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator.

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Fan or other deice maybe needed if used in a small enclosed area.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid Color: White Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: 17.5 mg Hg@70 ° F Boiling Point (760mmHg): Decomposesº C Vapor density (air=1): 3.3 Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.1 Freezing point: NA Melting point: 205 °C Solubility in water (by weight): Dispersible pH: 1.2 @ concentration of 1% solution Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Warm Moist Enviroments, Protect from freezing

Incompatibility Materials: NITRATE, NITRATES, CHLORITES AND SULFIDES. SOLUTIONS ARE STRONG ACIDS AND WILL REACT VIOLENTLY WITH BASES.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition Products: Decomposition in air may result in carbon monoxide and/ or carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: may contain products listed in California –proposition 65 Reproductive Effects: May contain trace amounts of chemicals that cause birth defects in animal studies. It did not cause harm to the animal or fetus when applied on skin.

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: DISSOLVE AND NEUTRALIZE WITH SODIUM CARBONATE. In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards. RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Ingredients(s) – State Regulation: Vinyl Acetate Polymer, California – proposition 65

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating Health: 3 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: F

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable

ND – Not Determined



AllFlex Lite

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: AllFlex Lite

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:White or GrayPhysical State:PowderOdor:Low Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	50-65%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Soda – Lime Glass	not established	15-25%	-		NA
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	NA
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection Component TYPE Value

Component	<u>IYPE</u>	Value
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Vinyl Co-Polymer	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



AllFlex

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: AllFlex

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	Low Odor
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Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-45%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	40-65%	0.1mg/m^3	0.1mg/m^3	NA
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	NA
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

B. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection Component TYPE Value Calcium Carbonate TWA Total Dust 15mg/m³ Portland Cement TWA Total Dust 50 mppcf Silica Sand TWA Total Dust 0.1mg/m³

Personal Protection

Vinyl Co-Polymer

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

 10mg/m^3

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

TWA Total Dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



AllSet

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: AllSet

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company			
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4			
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA			
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007			
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>			

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	Low Odor
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Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	0.1mg/m ³	0.1mg/m ³	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Value
ng/m ³
ng/m ³
mppcf
mg/m ³
ng/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable N

ND – Not Determined



AllSet RS

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: AllSet RS

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	Low Odor
	(

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Aluminate	65997-16-2	20-30%	10m/m3	5mg/m3	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	5-10%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	$0.1 \mathrm{mg/m}^3$	0.1mg/m^3	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

5. Fire Fighting Measures				
Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire	Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher.			
Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:				
Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathin	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire			
fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and glove	fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight			
fire from a protected location or safe distance.				
Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA				
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA				
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA			

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Component		
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
Calcium Hydroxide	TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
Calcium Aluminate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m3
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
Vinyl Co-Polymer	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Aqua Seal

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Aqua Seal

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

 Color:
 Blue

 Physical State:
 Liquid, Semi-Paste

 Odor:
 Low Odor

 Primary Routes of Entry:
 Eye, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Ingestion

 Eye Contact:
 May cause eye irritation.

 Skin Contact:
 May cause skin irritation.

 Inhalation:
 May cause nose, throat and lung irritation

 Ingestion:
 Harmful if swallowed, may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: Contains products listed in IARC Monographs May cause nose, throat and lung irritation, may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	10-20%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer	9003-55-8	35-50%	NA	NA	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Blot or wipe any residue remaining on face, being careful not to get into victim's eyes or on skin. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Remove excess from skin. Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Thoroughly clean before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develop and persist.

Inhalation: remove person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If victim is fully conscious, give one to two cups of water to dilute the effects – consult physician.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: material will not burn until all water is evaporated. Containers may burst open and splatter material if temperature reaches 212° F and above. Hazardous Combustion Products: NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Clean up spills immediately. Cover with absorbent to contain. Use appropriate containers to avoid environmental contamination. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area away from sunlight, heat and heat sources. Protect from freezing Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls	Personal Protection				
Component	<u>TYPE</u>	Value			
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³			
Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer	ACGIH TLV/OSHA PEL	NA			
Personal Protection					
Eye/Face Protection: Use safet	y glasses with side shields or	r wear chemical goggles.			
Skin Protection: Clothing should prevent skin contact.					
Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended					
Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust					
Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands					
before smoking or eating.					

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Fan or other deice maybe needed if used in a small enclosed area.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid, Semi-Paste Color: Blue Odor: Low Odor-slight ammonia Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: 10 mg Hg@60 ° F Boiling Point (760mmHg): 210 ° F Vapor density (air=1): Heavier than air Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 1.1 Percent VOCs: 0 Freezing point: 32 ° F Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): Dispersible pH: 9 Product Name: Aqua Seal Date Issued: 9/24/2012

Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Temperature over 350 ° F, Protect from freezing

Incompatibility Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition Products: Decomposition in air may result in carbon monoxide and/ or carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: contains products listed in IARC Monographs Reproductive Effects: May contain trace amounts of chemicals that cause birth defects in animal studies. It did not cause harm to the animal or fetus when applied on skin.

Ingredient(s) – Carcinogenicity: Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer listed in IARC Monographs

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Ingredients(s) – State Regulation: Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer California –proposition 65 Calcium Carbonate – Pennsylvania –workplace hazard

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: B

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable

ND – Not Determined



Brilliance Caulking

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Brilliance Caulking (Sanded and Smooth)

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault www.bondedmaterials.com

HMIS CODES: HFRP PRODUCT CODE: SKO63

SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/SARA III INFORMATION

No reportable quantities of hazardous ingredients are present. **No toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372 are present**

SECTION III: PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point: 100C/212F (water) Specific Gravity (H20=1): 1.4 Vapor Density: Heavier than air Evaporation Rate: Slower than Either Material V.O.C.: 0.40 lb/gl. (48 g/l) Solubility in water: Complete Appearance and Odor: Viscous liquid with slight ammonia odor

SECTION IV: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash point: _____ Method used: _____ Flammable limits in air by volume - lower: 3.2% upper: n/a Extinguishing media: None known Special fire fighting procedures: None Unusual fire and explosion hazards: Product will not burn but may spatter if temperature exceeds boiling point. Polymer films are capable of burning giving off oxides of carbon/nitrogen.

Product Name: Brilliance Caulk (Sanded and Smooth)

SECTION V: REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable Conditions to avoid: Freezing temperatures Incompatability (Materials to avoid): None known Hazardous decomposition or by-products: None known Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur

SECTION VI: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Inhalation health risks and symptoms of exposure: Adverse health effects from vapors or spray mists in poorly ventilated areas may include irritation of the nose. Throat and respiratory tract irritation and headaches and nausea may also occur.

Skin and eye contact health risks and symptoms of exposure: Prolonged or repeated contact with product may cause skin irritation. Direct contact with product may result in eye irritation. Skin absorption health risks and symptoms of exposure not likely to be absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion health risks and symptoms of exposure: Ingestion may cause irritation and damage to mucous membranes.

Health hazards (acute and chronic): Skin, nose, throat and respiratory irritation may result from overexposure



Brilliance Non Sanded Grout Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: Brilliance Non Sanded Grout

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	Colored
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	No Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition	n Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	15-20	10 mg/m3	50 mppcf	NA
Calcium Aluminate	065997-16-2	10-15	3 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	NA
Iron Oxide Pigments	1317-61-9	0-3	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1 - 5	-	2	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Component	Туре	<u>OSHA PEL</u>
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silca Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1 mg/M3
Calcium Aluminate	TWA Total Dust	5 mg/m3
Iron Oxide Pigments	TWA Total Dust	15 mg/m3

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White or Colored Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Brilliance Paver Grout

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: Brilliance Paver Grout

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	Colored
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	No Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	25-35	10 mg/m3	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	55–65	N/A	0.1 mg/M3	NA
Iron Oxide Pigments	1317-61-9	0-3	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u>Component</u>	Туре	<u>OSHA PEL</u>
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1 mg/M3
Iron Oxide Pigments	TWA Total Dust	15 mg/m3

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or Colored Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Brilliance Sanded Grout

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: Brilliance Sanded Grout

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	Colored
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	No Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition	n Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	15-20	10 mg/m3	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	55–65	N/A	0.1 mg/M3	NA
Calcium Aluminate	065997-16-2	10-15	3 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	NA
Iron Oxide Pigments	1317-61-9	0-3	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

5. Fire Fighting Measures	
Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire e	extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher.
Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:	
Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathin	g apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire
fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and glove	s) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight
fire from a protected location or safe distance.	
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	NA
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Component	Туре	<u>OSHA PEL</u>
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silca Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1 mg/M3
Calcium Aluminate	TWA Total Dust	5 mg/m3
Iron Oxide Pigments	TWA Total Dust	15 mg/m3

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White or Colored Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Brilliance Grout Stain

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Brilliance Grout Stain

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	Thick white to colored
Physical State:	textured mixture
Odor:	mild ammonia odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information

	•		
	<u>CAS Req. No</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	ACGIH TLV
Acrylic Polymer dispersed in water		Non Hazardous	
Limestone	1317-65-3	5	10 mg/rn ³ resperable
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10	10 mg/rn ³ resperable
2-Butoxy ethanol	000111-76-2	25 PPM	25 PPM skin
Ammonium Hydroxide	1335-21-6	50 PPM	25 PPM
-			

4. First-aid Measures

Routes of Exposure: INHALATION - YES EYES/SKIN – YES

ACUTE Health Hazards: Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area, vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness.

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure: Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

IF INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet. SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention. IF SWALLOWED: Get medical attention.

5. Fire Fighting Measures	
Flash Point	>199 F PMCC
Explosion Limits:	N/A
Extinguishing Media:	Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	Closed containers may explode due to the build-up of pressure when exposed to extreme heat.
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Do not allow material to flow into sewers and open bodies of water.

Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Point:	212 - 400 ⁰ F
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):	Greater than 1
Vapor Density:	Heavier than air
Specific Gravity (water=1):	1.1- 1.4
Solubility in Water:	Dilutable
Evaporation rate:	(BU'TYL ACETATE -1): Less than one
Appearance / Odor:	Thick white to colored, textured mixture, mild ammonia odor, pH 8-10

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY- Stable INCOMPATIBILITY- None Known HARRDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS- By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HARRDOUS POLYMERIZATION- Will Not Occur

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Method: Waste from Latex Finishes is not hazardous. Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable

ND - Not Determined



Deck Mud

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Deck Mud

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	No Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Compositio	on Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-50%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	60-70%	0.1mg/m ³	0.1mg/m ³	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u>Component</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	Value
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.0 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



FloorSet Modified

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: FloorSet Modified

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	Low Odor
Duting and Device of C	

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	0.1mg/m ³	0.1mg/m ³	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	.5-4%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u> </u>	Value
TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³
	TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.5 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable NE

ND – Not Determined



FloorSet

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: FloorSet

(formerly ValueSet)

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	No Odor
	• • • • • • • • •

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Compositio	on Information				
<u>Component</u>	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	0.1mg/m ³	0.1mg/m ³	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	NA
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7.	Handling and Storage
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Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure	Controls / Personal Prote	ection	
Component	<u>TYPE</u>	Value	
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf	
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m^3	

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar. Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.5 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



FloorSet RS

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: FloorSet RS

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	No Odor
	• • • • • • • • •

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Compositio	on Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	5-10%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	0.1mg/m^3	0.1mg/m^3	NA
Calcium Aluminate	65997-16-2	20-30%	10m/m3	5mg/m3	NA
Calcium Aluminate	05997-10-2	20-30%	1011/113	Sing/ins	INA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u>TYPE</u>	Value
TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m^3
TWA Total Dust	15mg/m3
	TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.5 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Glass Bond L

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Glass Bond L

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

 Color:
 White

 Physical State:
 Liquid

 Odor:
 Low Odor

 Primary Routes of Entry:
 Eye, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Ingestion

 Eye Contact:
 May cause eye irritation.

 Skin Contact:
 May cause skin irritation.

 Inhalation:
 May cause nose, throat and lung irritation

 Ingestion:
 Harmful if swallowed, may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: Contains products listed in IARC Monographs May cause nose, throat and lung irritation, may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

3. Composition Information						
Component	CAS No.	Percent_	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>	
Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer	9003-55-8	15-30%	NA	NA	NA	

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Blot or wipe any residue remaining on face, being careful not to get into victim's eyes or on skin. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Remove excess from skin. Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Thoroughly clean before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develop and persist.

Inhalation: remove person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If victim is fully conscious, give one to two cups of water to dilute the effects – consult physician.

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: material will not burn until all water is evaporated. Containers may burst open and splatter material if temperature reaches 212° F and above. Hazardous Combustion Products:

NA

Value

NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Clean up spills immediately. Cover with absorbent to contain. Use appropriate containers to avoid environmental contamination. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area away from sunlight, heat and heat sources. Protect from freezing Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection
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-	-	-	-	
Componen	t			

Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer ACGIH TLV/OSHA PEL

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with side shields or wear chemical goggles.

TYPE

Skin Protection: Clothing should prevent skin contact.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Fan or other deice maybe needed if used in a small enclosed area.

9. **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical State: Liquid Color: White Odor: Low Odor-slight ammonia Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: 17.5 mg Hg@70 ° F Boiling Point (760mmHg): 210 ° F Vapor density (air=1): Heavier than air Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 1.1 Freezing point: 32 ° F Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): Dispersible pH: 8 Kinematic Viscosity: NA

Product Name: Glass Bond L Date Issued: 9/24/2012

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Temperature over 350 ° F, Protect from freezing

Incompatibility Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition Products: Decomposition in air may result in carbon monoxide and/ or carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: contains products listed in IARC Monographs Reproductive Effects: May contain trace amounts of chemicals that cause birth defects in animal studies. It did not cause harm to the animal or fetus when applied on skin.

Ingredient(s) – Carcinogenicity: Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer listed in IARC Monographs

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Ingredients(s) - State Regulation: Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer California - proposition 65

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: B

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND –

ND – Not Determined



Glass Bond P

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: Glass Bond P

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:WhitePhysical State:PowderOdor:Low Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Compositio	n Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	$0.1 \mathrm{mg/m^3}$	0.1mg/m^3	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u> </u>	Value
TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³
	TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.5 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND

ND – Not Determined



LevelBond[™]

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: LevelBond[™]

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:GrayPhysical State:PowderOdor:Low Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Aluminate Cement	65997-16-2	15-25%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	10-20%	10mg/m^3	15mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	5-15%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	40-50%	$0.1 \mathrm{mg/m^3}$	0.1mg/m^3	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	NA
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Avoid generating dust. Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Component	<u>TYPE</u>	Value
Calcium Aluminate Cement	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m^3
Vinyl Co-Polymer	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation

9. Physical and Chemical Properties Physical State: Powder

Color: Gray Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity ($H_2O = 1$): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Product Name: LevelBondTM Date Issued: 9/24/2012 Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: E

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable

ND – Not Determined



LevelBond Primer

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: LevelBond Primer

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

 Emergency Overview

 Color:
 Light Blue

 Physical State:
 Liquid

 Odor:
 Slight sweet odor

 Primary Routes of Entry:
 Eye, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Ingestion

 Eye Contact:
 May cause eye irritation.

 Skin Contact:
 May cause skin irritation.

 Inhalation:
 May cause nose, throat and lung irritation

 Ingestion:
 Harmful if swallowed, may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: Contains products listed in IARC Monographs May cause nose, throat and lung irritation, may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

3. Composition Information						
<u>Component</u>	CAS No.	Percent_	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>	
Styrene Butadiene Polymer	91261-65-3	15-30%	10 ppm -TWA	NA	NA	

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Blot or wipe any residue remaining on face, being careful not to get into victim's eyes or on skin. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Remove excess from skin. Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Thoroughly clean befor reuse. Get medical attention immediately. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develop and persist.

Inhalation: remove person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If victim is fully conscious, give one to two cups of water to dilute the effects – consult physician.

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: material will not burn until all water is evaporated. Containers may burst open and splatter material if temperature reaches 212° F and above. Hazardous Combustion Products:

NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Clean up spills immediately. Cover with absorbent to contain. Use appropriate containers to avoid environmental contamination. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area away from sunlight, heat and heat sources. Protect from freezing Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure	Controls / Personal Protection		
<u>Component</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	Value	

<u>Component</u>		<u>Value</u>
Styrene Butadiene Polymer	ACGIH TLV	10 ppm -TWA
	OSHA PEL	NA

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with side shields or wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Clothing should prevent skin contact.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator.

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Fan or other deice maybe needed if used in a small enclosed area.

9. **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical State: Liquid Color: Light Blue Odor: Slight sweet odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: 17.5 mg Hg@70 ° F Boiling Point (760mmHg): 212° F Vapor density (air=1): Heavier than air Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 1.1 Freezing point: 32 ° F Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): Dispersible pH: 10.0-11.0 Kinematic Viscosity: NA

Product Name: LevelBond Primer Date Issued: 9/24/2012

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Temperature over 350 ° F , Protect from freezing

Incompatibility Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition Products: Decomposition in air may result in carbon monoxide and/ or carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: may contain products listed in California –proposition 65 Reproductive Effects: May contain trace amounts of chemicals that cause birth defects in animal studies. It did not cause harm to the animal or fetus when applied on skin.

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Ingredients(s) – State Regulation: Vinyl Acetate Polymer, California – proposition 65

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: B

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND –

ND – Not Determined



Medium Bed Modified Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Medium Bed Modified

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	Low Odor
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Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Compositio	n Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	$0.1 \mathrm{mg/m^3}$	0.1mg/m^3	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	.5-4%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u> </u>	Value
TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³
	TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Medium Bed NM

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Medium Bed NM

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	Low Odor
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Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Compositio	n Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	OSHA PEL	OTHER
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m^3	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	0.1mg/m ³	0.1mg/m ³	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Component	<u>TYPE</u>	Value			
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³			
Calcium Hydroxide	TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³			
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf			
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf 0.1mg/m ³			

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Medium Bed Premium Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Medium Bed Premium

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	Low Odor
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Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	$0.1 \mathrm{mg/m^3}$	0.1mg/m ³	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	2	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u>Component</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	Value
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
Calcium Hydroxide	TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
Vinyl Co-Polymer	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND

ND – Not Determined



MultiTile

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: MultiTile (Standard and Professional Grade)

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:White or GrayPhysical State:PowderOdor:Low Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	$0.1 \mathrm{mg/m^3}$	0.1mg/m ³	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	2	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

Product Name: MultiTile (Standard and Professional Grade)

5. Fire Fighting Measures			
Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire	extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher.		
Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:			
	ng apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire		
fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and glove	fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight		
fire from a protected location or safe distance.			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	NA		
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA		
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA		

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection				
Component	<u>TYPE</u>	Value		
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³		

Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	i Sing/m
Calcium Hydroxide	TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
Vinyl Co-Polymer	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Upper (UEL): NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Auto ignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.5 Freezing point: NA VOC Content= 0.0% Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined

The information provided is without warranty, representation, inducement or license of any kind; except that it is accurate to the best of company knowledge, or obtained from sources believed by the company to be accurate.

Product Name: MultiTile (Standard and Professional Grade)



Pro-Line Poxy Part A Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: Pro-Line Poxy Part A

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault www.bondedmaterials.com

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color: Gray-white Physical State: Viscous liquid Odor: Mild Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation – No Skin – Yes Ingestion – No Health Hazards: Acute: May cause irritation to eyes with direct contact. Prolonged exposure to skin may cause irritation. Chronic: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Hypersensitive individuals may develop allergic dermatitis.

3. Composition Information Component Reaction of Epichlorohydrin & Bisphenol CAS# Amount 4. First-aid Measures Epichlorohydrin & Bisphenol

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Skin irritation, reddening of eyes Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Irrigate eyes with water, wash exposed skin areas with water, remove patient to fresh air. If accidentally ingested, – consult physician.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Foam, CO2, dry chemical Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Use self-contained breathing apparatus Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can rupture under excessive heat. Burning will result in release of Carbon Dioxide and Carbon Monoxide fumes.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using absorbent material and collect in suitable container. Residual may be removed with steam or hot soapy water. Keep material safe from spark-producing equipment and extreme heat. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area away from sunlight, heat, and heat sources. Protect from freezing Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid exposing container to extreme heat (Greater than 200F)

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Comp	onent	Туре	Value			
Reacti	on products of					
Epichl	prohydrin & Bisphenal A.	TLV	0.1mg/m3			
Personal Prot	ection		-			
Respiratory Pr	otection: OSHA approved	respirator for silica dust				
Ventilation:	Local Exhaust – Yes	Mechanical – NA				
	Special – NA	Other – NA				
Protective Glov	ves: Recommended					
Eye Protection	: Tight fitting goggles in b	ousy areas				
Other Protective Clothing: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin.						
Work/Hygienic	Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product.					

Personal Precautions: Eliminate exposure to eyes and skin.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Fan or other deice maybe needed if used in a small enclosed area.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance and Odor: Gray-white liquid with mild odorFlash Point: 480F, pmccFlammable Limits: NAVapor Density: NASpecific Gravity: 1.71Solubility in Water: NAVapor Pressure: NAMelting Point: LiquidBoiling Point: NAEvaporation Rate: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility: Bases Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Carcinogenicity: NTP: No IARC Monographs - No OSHA Regulated - No

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

All ingredients are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances.

16. Other Information

Legend:

- NA Not Available
- ND Not Determined
- F Fahrenheit



Pro-Line Poxy Part B Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: Pro-Line Poxy Part B

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault www.bondedmaterials.com

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview Color: Varied Physical State: Viscous liquid Odor: Mild ammonia Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation – No Skin – Yes Ingestion – No Health Hazards: Acute: Will cause irritation to eyes with direct contact. Exposure to skin will cause irritation. Chronic: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Hypersensitive individuals may develop allergic dermatitis.

3.	Composition Information			
	<u>Component</u>	CAS#	<u>Amount</u>	
	Aliphatic Polyamine	N/A		
4.	First-aid Measures			

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Skin irritation, reddening of eyes Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Irrigate eyes with water, wash exposed skin areas with water, remove patient to fresh air. If accidentally ingested, – consult physician.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Foam, CO2, dry chemical Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Use self-contained breathing apparatus Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can rupture under excessive heat. Burning will result in release of Carbon Dioxide and Carbon Monoxide fumes.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using absorbent material and collect in suitable container. Residual may be removed 5% acetic rinse and then thoroughly rinsed with hot water. Keep material safe from spark-producing equipment and extreme heat. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in cool dry area

Comr	ponent	Туре	Value
Com		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, aldo
Alipha	atic Polyamine	OSHA/TLV	ND
Personal Pro	otection		
Respiratory P	rotection: OSHA approved	l respirator for silica dust	
Ventilation:	Local Exhaust – Yes	Mechanical – NA	
	Special – NA	Other – NA	
Protective Glo	oves: Recommended		
Eve Protectio	n: Tight fitting goggles in b	usy areas	
	0 00 00	n, boots and clothing should pro	otect skin.
	5	Id shower with soap and water	
	cautions: Eliminate exposu		3 1
Engineering	•	, ,	
		on. Fan or other deice maybe n	eeded if used in a small enclosed
area.			
9. Phys	sical and Chemical Pro	perties	

Appearance and Odor:Colored liquid, mild animonia odorFlash Point: Set flash > 255FFlammable Limits: NDVapor Density: NDSpecific Gravity: 0.94Solubility in Water: SlightVapor Pressure: NDMelting Point: LiquidBoiling Point: NDEvaporation Rate: >1 (ether = 1)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Oxides of Nitrogen, Burning dry material will result in release of dense black smoke Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Carcinogenicity: NTP: No IARC Monographs - No OSHA Regulated - No

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

All ingredients are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances.

16. Other Information

Legend:

NA – Not Available

ND – Not Determined

F - Fahrenheit



Pro-Line Poxy Part C Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: Pro-Line Poxy Part C

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color: Varied Physical State: Granulars Odor: NA Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation – Yes Skin – Yes Ingestion – No Health Hazards: Acute: Exposure to dust may cause eye and upper respiratory irritation. Chronic: Prolonged exposure may cause inflammation of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of lungs & delayed lung injury (silicosis). Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Hypersensitive individuals may develop allergic dermatitis.

3.	Composition Information		
	<u>Component</u>	CAS#	<u>Amount</u>
	Silica Sand	01-4808-60-7	
٨	First-aid Moasuros		

4. First-aid Measures

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes. Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Irrigate eyes with water, wash exposed skin areas with water, remove patient to fresh air. If accidentally ingested mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction,– consult physician.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: N/A Special Fire Fighting Procedures: N/A Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: N/A

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in cool dry area

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection Component Type

Silica Sand Silica Sand Type Value OSHA(respirable)/(total dust) 0.1mg/m3 / 0.3mg/m3 TLV 0.1mg/m3

Respiratory Protection: OSHA approved respirator for silica dust. Ventilation: Local Exhaust – Yes Mechanical – NA

Ventilation:	Local Exhaus
	Special – NA

Mechanical – NA Other – NA

Protective Gloves: Recommended

Eye Protection: Tight fitting goggles in busy areas

Other Protective Clothing: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product. Personal Precautions: Eliminate exposure to dust, use OSHA approved mask for silica dust, if freshly mixed mortar gets into eyes or contacts skin – flush immediately and repeatedly with water and contact physician immediately.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance and Odor:Colored granulars, no odorFlash Point:NAFlammable Limits:Vapor Density:NASpecific Gravity:Solubility in Water:1%Vapor Pressure:Melting Point:NDBoiling Point:Evaporation Rate:NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility: N/A Hazardous Decomposition Products: N/A Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Carcinogenicity: NTP: No IARC Monographs – Yes OSHA Regulated – No

This product itself is not regulated but it contains small amounts of naturally occurring crystalline silica. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemical to Humans (volume 42, 1987) concludes that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to experimental animals and that there is limited evidence of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to humans. IARC Class 2A.

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

All ingredients are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances.

W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2

This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend:

NA – Not Available ND – Not Determined



Pool Grout

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Pool Grout

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	No Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information					
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	50-70%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m^3	50 mppcf	NA
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1-5%	10 mg/rn ³		

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u>Component</u> Calcium Carbonate Portland Cement Titanium Dioxide TYPE TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust

<u>Value</u> 15mg/m³ 50 mppcf 10 mg/rn³ resperable

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable N

ND – Not Determined



ProBond

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: ProBond

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

 Emergency Overview

 Color:
 White

 Physical State:
 Liquid

 Odor:
 Sweet/Low Odor

 Primary Routes of Entry:
 Eye, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Ingestion

 Eye Contact:
 May cause eye irritation.

 Skin Contact:
 May cause skin irritation.

 Inhalation:
 May cause nose, throat and lung irritation

 Ingestion:
 Harmful if swallowed

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed, may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea and vomiting. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains products listed in IARC Monographs May cause nose, throat

and lung irritation, may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

3. Composition Information					
Component	<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	OTHER
Polyvinyl Acetate	9003-20-7	40-50%	NA	NA	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Blot or wipe any residue remaining on face, being careful not to get into victim's eyes or on skin. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Remove excess from skin. Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Thoroughly clean befor reuse. Get medical attention immediately. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develop and persist.

Inhalation: remove person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If victim is fully conscious, give one to two cups of water to dilute the effects – consult physician.

5. **Fire Fighting Measures**

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: material will not burn until all water is evaporated. Containers may burst open and splatter material if temperature reaches 212° F and above. Hazardous Combustion Products:

NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Clean up spills immediately. Cover with absorbent to contain. Use appropriate containers to avoid environmental contamination. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area away from sunlight, heat and heat sources. Protect from freezing Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection			
Component	TYPE	Value	

Junponent **Polyvinyl Acetate**

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with side shields or wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Clothing should prevent skin contact.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator.

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Fan or other deice maybe needed if used in a small enclosed area.

Physical and Chemical Properties 9.

Physical State: Liquid Color: White Odor:Sweet/ Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: 17.5 mg Hg@70 ° F Boiling Point (760mmHg): 212° F Vapor density (air=1): Heavier than air Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 1.1 Freezing point: 32 ° F Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): Dispersible pH: 5.6 Kinematic Viscosity: NA

Product Name: ProBond Date Issued: 9/24/2012

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Temperature over 350 ° F , Protect from freezing

Incompatibility Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition Products: Decomposition in air may result in carbon monoxide and/ or carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

No hazardous materials present. This product does not contain any ingredient designated by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, WHMIS, EC or OSHA, as probable or suspected human carcinogens

12. Ecological Information

No Data

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200): Not Hazardous.

California Prop 65: To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain ingredients on the Prop 65 substance list, which the state of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive effects. International Regulations: Consult the regulations of the applicable country of import.

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating Health: 1 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: B

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable

ND – Not Determined



ProCrylic

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: ProCrylic

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

 Color:
 White

 Physical State:
 Liquid

 Odor:
 Low Odor

 Primary Routes of Entry:
 Eye, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Ingestion

 Eye Contact:
 May cause eye irritation.

 Skin Contact:
 May cause skin irritation.

 Inhalation:
 May cause nose, throat and lung irritation

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed, may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: Contains products listed in IARC Monographs May cause nose, throat and lung irritation, may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

3. Composition Information					
<u>Component</u> Acrylic Polymer (dispersed in water)	<u>CAS No.</u> 7664-41-7	Percent 20-30%	<u>ACGIH TLV</u> NA	<u>OSHA PEL</u> NA	<u>OTHER</u> NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Blot or wipe any residue remaining on face, being careful not to get into victim's eyes or on skin. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Remove excess from skin. Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Thoroughly clean befor reuse. Get medical attention immediately. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develop and persist.

Inhalation: remove person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If victim is fully conscious, give one to two cups of water to dilute the effects – consult physician.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: material will not burn until all water is evaporated. Containers may burst open and splatter material if temperature reaches 212° F and above. Hazardous Combustion Products:

NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Clean up spills immediately. Cover with absorbent to contain. Use appropriate Released or Spilled: containers to avoid environmental contamination. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area away from sunlight, heat and heat sources. Protect from freezing Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection			
Component	<u>TYPE</u>	Value	

Acrylic Polymer

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with side shields or wear chemical goggles. Skin Protection: Clothing should prevent skin contact.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator.

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Fan or other deice maybe needed if used in a small enclosed area.

9. **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical State: Liquid Color: White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: 17.5 mg Hg@70 ° F Boiling Point (760mmHg): 212° F Vapor density (air=1): Heavier than air Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 1.1 Freezing point: 32 ° F Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): Dispersible pH: 9.5 Kinematic Viscosity: NA

Product Name: ProCrylic Date Issued: 9/24/2012

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Temperature over 350 ° F , Protect from freezing

Incompatibility Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition Products: Decomposition in air may result in carbon monoxide and/ or carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: may contain products listed in California –proposition 65 Reproductive Effects: May contain trace amounts of chemicals that cause birth defects in animal studies. It did not cause harm to the animal or fetus when applied on skin.

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Ingredients(s) – State Regulation: Vinyl Acetate Polymer, California – proposition 65

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: B

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND -

ND – Not Determined



ProLatex

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: ProLatex

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

 Color:
 White

 Physical State:
 Liquid

 Odor:
 Low Odor

 Primary Routes of Entry:
 Eye, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Ingestion

 Eye Contact:
 May cause eye irritation.

 Skin Contact:
 May cause skin irritation.

 Inhalation:
 May cause nose, throat and lung irritation

 Ingestion:
 Harmful if swallowed, may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: Contains products listed in IARC Monographs May cause nose, throat and lung irritation, may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

3. Composition Inform	ation				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Styrene Butadiene Co-polymer	009003-55-8	15-20%	NA	NA	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Blot or wipe any residue remaining on face, being careful not to get into victim's eyes or on skin. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Remove excess from skin. Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Thoroughly clean before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develop and persist.

Inhalation: remove person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If victim is fully conscious, give one to two cups of water to dilute the effects – consult physician.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: material will not burn until all water is evaporated. Containers may burst open and splatter material if temperature reaches 212° F and above. Hazardous Combustion Products:

NA

Value

6. Accidental Release Measures

Clean up spills immediately. Cover with absorbent to contain. Use appropriate Released or Spilled: containers to avoid environmental contamination. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area away from sunlight, heat and heat sources. Protect from freezing Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. **Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

Component

TYPE

Styrene Butadiene Co-polymer

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with side shields or wear chemical goggles. Skin Protection: Clothing should prevent skin contact.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator.

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with product.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Fan or other deice maybe needed if used in a small enclosed area.

9. **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical State: Liquid Color: White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: 17.5 mg Hg@70 ° F Boiling Point (760mmHg): 212° F Vapor density (air=1): Heavier than air Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 1.1 Freezing point: 32 ° F Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): Dispersible pH: 9.5 Kinematic Viscosity: NA

Product Name: ProLatex Date Issued: 9/24/2012

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Temperature over 350 ° F , Protect from freezing

Incompatibility Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition Products: Decomposition in air may result in carbon monoxide and/ or carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect: may contain products listed in California –proposition 65 Reproductive Effects: May contain trace amounts of chemicals that cause birth defects in animal studies. It did not cause harm to the animal or fetus when applied on skin.

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: In accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations and industry standards.

RCRA information: Not considered RCRA waste

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Ingredients(s) – State Regulation: Vinyl Acetate Polymer, California – proposition 65

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: B

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND -

ND – Not Determined



ProSet

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: ProSet

Manufacturer:	Bonded Materials Company
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:White or GrayPhysical State:PowderOdor:Low Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Compositio	n Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	0.1mg/m ³	0.1mg/m ³	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u> </u>	Value
TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³
	TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Stone-Veneer-Set Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Stone-Veneer-Set

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault www.bondedmaterials.com

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	White or Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	Low Odor
Dutus and David a street For	un en la la alla fia a d

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Compositio	n Information				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-5%	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-40%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	50-65%	0.1mg/m ³	0.1mg/m ³	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	2	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	
Hazardous Combustion Products:	

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u>Component</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	Value
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
Calcium Hydroxide	TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
Vinyl Co-Polymer	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray or White Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Upper (UEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable NI

ND – Not Determined



Universall Patch

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product and Company Information:**

Product Name: Universall Patch

Manufacturer: Bonded Materials Company 4330 N. 43rd Avenue, Suite B-4 Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007 Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:GrayPhysical State:PowderOdor:Low Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Infor	mation				
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>
Calcium Aluminate Cement	65997-16-2	30-40%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	50-60%	10mg/m^3	$15 mg/m^3$	NA
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	1-10%	10mg/m ³	50 mppcf	NA
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	0-1%	$0.1 \mathrm{mg/m^3}$	0.1mg/m^3	NA
Vinyl Co-Polymer	not established	1-5%	-	-	NA

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

		-
Component	TYPE	Value
Calcium Aluminate Cement	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³
Calcium Carbonate	TWA Total Dust	15mg/m ³
Portland Cement	TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
Silica Sand	TWA Total Dust	0.1 mg/m^3
Vinyl Co-Polymer	TWA Total Dust	10mg/m ³

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray Odor: Low Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

Upper (UEL): NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined



Wall Float

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Information:

Product Name: Wall Float

Manufacturer:	: Bonded Materials Company		
	4330 N. 43 rd Avenue, Suite B-4		
	Phoenix, Arizona 85031, USA		
	Phone: 623-873-0001 Fax: 623-873-0007		
	Contact: Gary Chenault <u>www.bondedmaterials.com</u>		

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color:	Gray
Physical State:	Powder
Odor:	No Odor

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye Contact: Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed **Skin Contact**: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (caustic) burns.

Skin Absorption: NA

Inhalation: Dust can cause inflammation of interior of nose and eyes. Prolonged exposure to dust over the TLV may cause scarring of the lungs and delayed lung injury (silicosis).

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effect:** Contains silica sand, known Human Carcinogen (category 1). May contain traces of chemicals on California Proposition 65 list.

3. Composition Information						
Component	CAS No.	Percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	<u>OTHER</u>	
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	1-10%	10mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	NA	
Portland Cement	65977-15-1	30-50%	10mg/m^3	50 mppcf	NA	
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	40-60%	0.1mg/m^3	0.1mg/m ³	NA	
elliea ealia	11000 00 1	10 00 /0	0.111g/11	0.1111g/111		

4. First-aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water; remove contact lenses after 1-2 minutes then continue flushing for several minutes. Irritant, severe eye irritation. May cause eye injury. Effect may be delayed. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Contains Portland cement and exposure to dry Portland cement may cause drying of skin with consequent irritation. Prolonged contact with wet Portland cement may cause severe, potentially irreversible damage to the skin in the form of chemical (causitic) burns Wash exposed skin areas with soap and water

Inhalation: move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult physician

Ingestion: If accidentally ingested, mortar may set and cause bowel obstruction – consult physician. **Notes to Physician:** Signs and symptoms of exposure are shortness of breath, coughing, reddening of eyes

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NA

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	NA
Hazardous Combustion Products:	NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Released or Spilled: Collect spills using dustless method, material can be returned to container for later use, wear NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust when cleaning area. Wear appropriate equipment to prevent skin and eye contact.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in covered, dry area. Avoid creating dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<u>TYPE</u>	Value
TWA Total Dust	5mg/m ³
TWA Total Dust	50 mppcf
TWA Total Dust	0.1mg/m ³
	TWA Total Dust TWA Total Dust

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. If there is potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Barrier cream, boots and clothing should protect skin from dust and wet mortar.

Hand Protection: impervious gloves, vinyl or rubber gloves recommended

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirator for silica dust

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Workers should shower with soap and water after working with mortar.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Powder Color: Gray Odor: No Odor Flash point: NA Flammable limits in Air Lower (LEL): NA Autoignition Temperature: NA Vapor Pressure: NA Boiling Point (760mmHg): NA Vapor density (air=1): NA Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 2.7 Freezing point: NA Melting point: NA Solubility in water (by weight): <1% pH: 10-13 in water Kinematic Viscosity: NA

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Keep dry until used Incompatibility Materials: Contains Portland Cement when wet is highly alkali. As a result it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum and other alkali and alkaline earth metals Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Thermal Decomposition Products: NA

Upper (UEL): NA

11. Toxicological Information

NA

12. Ecological Information

NA

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal method: Dispose materials as common waste, unrestricted sanitary landfill.

14. Transport Information

No special transportation or label placarding is required.

15. Regulatory Information

Listed ingredients are on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. W.H.M.I.S. Coed D.2 The product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Legend: NA – Not Available or Applicable ND – Not Determined